# Chapter 401

#### (House Bill 416)

AN ACT concerning

#### <u>Courts</u> <u>Criminal Procedure</u> – Limited Immunity – Alcohol– or Drug–Related <del>Overdose Incidents</del> <u>Medical Emergencies</u>

FOR the purpose of providing a certain person who seeks medical assistance for a person experiencing an alcohol- or a drug-related overdose certain immunity from civil liability or criminal prosecution under certain circumstances; providing that a certain person who seeks medical assistance for a person experiencing an alcohol- or a drug-related overdose may not be detained on or prosecuted in connection with a certain warrant under certain circumstances; providing a certain person experiencing an alcohol- or a drug-related overdose certain immunity from criminal prosecution under certain circumstances: providing that a certain person experiencing an alcohol- or a drug-related overdose may not be detained on or prosecuted in connection with a certain warrant under certain circumstances; providing that the act of seeking medical assistance for a certain person may be used as a mitigating factor in a certain <del>criminal prosecution</del> that a person who, in good faith, seeks, provides, or assists with the provision of medical assistance for a person experiencing a medical emergency after ingesting or using alcohol or drugs shall be immune from a certain criminal prosecution if the evidence for the criminal prosecution was obtained solely as a result of a certain action; providing that a person who experiences a medical emergency after ingesting or using alcohol or drugs shall be immune from a certain criminal prosecution if the evidence for the criminal prosecution was obtained solely as a result of a certain action; establishing that the act of providing or assisting with the provision of medical assistance can be used as a certain mitigating factor; making clarifying changes; and generally relating to limited immunity for alcohol- or drug-related overdose incidents medical emergencies.

BY adding to

Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings Section 5–642 Annotated Code of Maryland (2013 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)

<u>BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,</u> <u>Article – Criminal Procedure</u> <u>Section 1–210</u> <u>Annotated Code of Maryland</u> (2008 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement) SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

## Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings

## **5-642.**

(A) A PERSON WHO, IN GOOD FAITH, SEEKS MEDICAL ASSISTANCE FOR A PERSON EXPERIENCING AN ALCOHOL- OR A DRUG-RELATED OVERDOSE:

(1) SHALL BE IMMUNE FROM CIVIL LIABILITY OR CRIMINAL PROSECUTION FOR A VIOLATION OF §§ 5–601, 5–619, 10–116, AND 10–117 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE IF THE EVIDENCE FOR THE CRIMINAL PROSECUTION WAS OBTAINED SOLELY AS A RESULT OF THE PERSON'S SEEKING MEDICAL ASSISTANCE; AND

(2) MAY NOT BE DETAINED ON OR PROSECUTED IN CONNECTION WITH AN OUTSTANDING WARRANT FOR ANOTHER NONVIOLENT CRIME IF THE PERSON'S SEEKING MEDICAL ASSISTANCE IS THE REASON FOR THE PERSON'S ENCOUNTER WITH LAW ENFORCEMENT.

(B) A PERSON WHO EXPERIENCES AN ALCOHOL OR A DRUG-RELATED OVERDOSE AND IS IN NEED OF MEDICAL ASSISTANCE:

(1) SHALL BE IMMUNE FROM CRIMINAL PROSECUTION FOR A VIOLATION OF §§ 5–601, 5–619, 10–116, AND 10–117 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE IF THE EVIDENCE FOR THE CRIMINAL PROSECUTION WAS OBTAINED SOLELY AS A RESULT OF THE PERSON'S SEEKING MEDICAL ASSISTANCE; AND

(2) MAY NOT BE DETAINED ON OR PROSECUTED IN CONNECTION WITH AN OUTSTANDING WARRANT FOR ANOTHER NONVIOLENT CRIME IF THE PERSON'S SEEKING MEDICAL ASSISTANCE IS THE REASON FOR THE PERSON'S ENCOUNTER WITH LAW ENFORCEMENT.

(C) THE ACT OF SEEKING MEDICAL ASSISTANCE FOR A PERSON WHO IS EXPERIENCING AN ALCOHOL- OR A DRUG-RELATED OVERDOSE MAY BE USED AS A MITIGATING FACTOR IN A CRIMINAL PROSECUTION.

# Article - Criminal Procedure

<u>1–210.</u>

(A) The act of seeking, **PROVIDING**, **OR ASSISTING WITH THE PROVISION OF** medical assistance for another person who is experiencing a medical emergency after ingesting **OR USING** alcohol or drugs may be used as a mitigating factor in a criminal prosecution.

(B) <u>A PERSON WHO, IN GOOD FAITH, SEEKS, PROVIDES, OR ASSISTS</u> WITH THE PROVISION OF MEDICAL ASSISTANCE FOR A PERSON EXPERIENCING A MEDICAL EMERGENCY AFTER INGESTING OR USING ALCOHOL OR DRUGS SHALL BE IMMUNE FROM CRIMINAL PROSECUTION FOR A VIOLATION OF §§ 5–601, 5–619, 10–114, 10–116, AND 10–117 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE IF THE EVIDENCE FOR THE CRIMINAL PROSECUTION WAS OBTAINED SOLELY AS A RESULT OF THE PERSON'S SEEKING, PROVIDING, OR ASSISTING WITH THE PROVISION OF MEDICAL ASSISTANCE.

(C) <u>A PERSON WHO EXPERIENCES A MEDICAL EMERGENCY AFTER</u> INGESTING OR USING ALCOHOL OR DRUGS SHALL BE IMMUNE FROM CRIMINAL PROSECUTION FOR A VIOLATION OF §§ 5–601, 5–619, 10–114, 10–116, AND 10–117 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE IF THE EVIDENCE FOR THE CRIMINAL PROSECUTION WAS OBTAINED SOLELY AS A RESULT OF ANOTHER PERSON'S SEEKING MEDICAL ASSISTANCE.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2014.

# Approved by the Governor, May 5, 2014.